Guide to collecting gender, sex, and variations of sex characteristics data

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	Step 1	Consideration		Outcome								
		Is sex or gender information needed?	No	DO NOT collect gender or sex								
		Refer to guidance in the standard to aid in										
đ		assessing your information needs. The 'Bringing Gender In' tool produced by the Ministry for Women may also be useful when assessing the need for gender information in a policy context	Yes	Outcome	Go to Step 2				Please refer to the standard for guidance on classification and			
				Collect gender and/or sex								
		https://women.govt.nz/gender-tool			2					output.		
		Consideration Does collection need to identify transgender respondents/populations? Or are sex and gender information both required for distinct purposes (e.g., vital statistics production or certain health care contexts)?	No to both questions	Outcome Collect gender only (See section on Gender) Consideration Do you need to know respondent's/ population's sex assigned at birth for a specific reason? Do you have a large population sample size, strict data privacy provisions, and ability to analyse transgender data accurately?	Question example:			1				
					If able to process text responses: If unable to process text responses: What is your gender? What is your gender? male male female female another gender another gender Please state: unable		Go to Step 3					
	Step 2				 Note: a single gender question will be limited in its ability to identify transgender/cisgender populations multiple response to these questions are valid 							
						Outcome		Question example:				
					No to both questions	Collect gender and transgender status (See sections on Gender and		l c	Gender	Transgender status		
									What is your gender?	Do you consider yourself to be transgender?		
									□ male □ female			
St									 another gender Please state: 	□ no □ don't know	Go to Step	
										prefer not to say	3	
						Cisgender and transgender classification)	Note: • Transgender is an umbrella term that refers to people whose gender is different to the sex they were assigned at birth. Other identities considered to fall under this umbrella can include non-binary, transsexual, takatāpui, fa'afafine, genderqueer - and many more.					
					Yes to either	Outcome		I c	Question example:			
								1 H	Sex at birth What was your sex at	Gender What is your gender?		
						Collect 'two-step' gender and sex (See sections on Gender and Sex)			birth? (for example, what was recorded on your birth	🗆 male	Go to Step	
					question				certificate)	 female another gender 	3	
									 male female 	Please state:		
					1					J	1	
	Step 3	Consideration Is intersex population data needed?	No	Outcome								
				DO NOT collect variations of sex characteristics data								
			Yes	Outcome	Question example		٦					
				Collect variations of sex characterisitics data (See section on Variations of sex characteristics)	Variations of sex characteristics Were you born with a variation of sex characteristics (otherwise known as an intersex variation)? yes no don't know prefer not to say							
3												
				hode/statistical_standard_for_gender.sev.and_variations						_	State NZ 21 April 2	

For text alternative of this guide, see Appendix A of the standard at www.stats.govt.nz/methods/statistical-standard-for-gender-sex-and-variations-of-sex-characteristics#download-data