



Mihi

Tīhei mauri ora!

Ki ngā uri o ngā maunga whakahī, ngā uri whakatipu o ngā moana me ngā awa tapu o te motu huri āwhio i ngā tōpito o te ao tūroa, tēnā koutou, tēnā koutou, tēnā koutou katoa.

Tēnā hoki koutou i ngā hunga kua riro ki te pō, kua riro ki te kāpunipunitanga o te wairua.

Kua mihiā, kua tangihia rātou, nō reira ko te whakatau noa ake, ko rātou ki a rātou, ko tātou ki a tātou. Nō reira, tēnā tātou katoa.

Ko ngā kōrero me ngā papatau e whai ake nei i ahu mai te Tatauranga 2013 o ngā tāngata huri noa i Aotearoa me o rātou whare noho. Ko te tatauranga te matamata o ngā pārongo e pā ana ki te iwi Māori e kite ai tātou i ngā rerekētanga i roto i te whitu tau kua hipa, e mōhio ai tātou ki ngā tīkanga ahu whakamua i ngā tau e haere ake nei.

Ka nui rawa āku mihi ki te iwi Māori, nā koutou tonu ēnei kōrero i homaihia i runga i te whakaaro ka whai hua ai koutou i ēnei mahi. Koia tēnei ko te tikanga o tēnei whakaritenga ā-iwi, he whakahoki kōrero ki ngā iwi Māori o Aotearoa. Kei reira anō ētahi atu kōrero mai i te tatauranga me ngā hua, ratonga hoki e pā ana ki te iwi Māori e kitea ai ki tō mātou paetukutuku, www.stats.govt.nz/Census hei āwhina i a koutou i roto i a koutou mahi rangahau, whakamahere kaupapa, whakatakotoranga whakaaro hoki.

The Census of Population and Dwellings has been an important source of information for Māori for more than a century. The 1991 Census was the first time since 1901 that a question on iwi affiliation was included. The iwi affiliation question has been included in each subsequent census, in recognition of the importance of including this traditional Māori institution in official statistics.

This profile is one of a set of iwi profiles based on data from the 2013 Census. The profile presents a wide range of information on the social and economic well-being of iwi, which will allow you to measure the development of your iwi and assist in future decision making and planning. The topics covered include: population, age and sex, te reo, education, labour force, unpaid activities, income, smoking, religion, number of children born, households and families, housing, and motor vehicles and telecommunications.

Statistics New Zealand gratefully acknowledges the contribution of Māori to the 2013 Census. It is through your participation that we have been able to produce these profiles.

Heoiti, kāti ake au i konei i runga i ngā whakaaro pai ki a koutou, tēnā koutou katoa.

Nāku iti nei, nā Liz MacPherson, Government Statistician

Iwi individual profile: Patukirikiri

Key facts

Ngā whakaharahara

All information in this profile for the iwi and total Māori descent populations is based on the Māori descent usually resident population count from the 2013 Census of Population and Dwellings, held on 5 March 2013.

All information in this profile for the total New Zealand population is based on the census usually resident population count from the 2013 Census of Population and Dwellings, held on 5 March 2013.

The Patukirikiri population includes all people of Māori descent who gave Patukirikiri as their iwi or as one of several iwi.

45 people, or less than 1 percent of the total population of Māori descent, affiliated with Patukirikiri. For people affiliating with Patukirikiri and living in New Zealand on 5 March 2013:

- 60.0 percent (27 people) were male and 40.0 percent (18 people) were female.
- The median age (half are younger and half older than this age) was 25.7 years.
- 31.3 percent identified Patukirikiri as their sole iwi affiliation, while 62.5 percent were also affiliated with other iwi.
- 13.3 percent could hold a conversation about everyday things in te reo Māori.

Note: This data has been randomly rounded to protect confidentiality. Individual figures may not add up to totals, and values for the same data may vary in different text, tables, and graphs. The accuracy of percentages and medians may be affected by this rounding, particularly for iwi with small populations.

Population and geography

Iwi Māori me ngā takotoranga papa

For people affiliating with Patukirikiri and living in New Zealand on 5 March 2013:

Population

- 45 people, or less than 1 percent of the total population of Māori descent, affiliated with Patukirikiri, a decrease from 66 people in 2006. In 2001, there were 60 people affiliated with Patukirikiri.

Where iwi members live

- 60.0 percent lived in main urban areas (populations of 30,000 or more). In comparison, 65.6 percent of the total population of Māori descent lived in main urban areas.
- 100.0 percent or 45 people were living in the North Island.
- The most common region(s) in which Patukirikiri members lived was the Waikato Region (68.8 percent or 33 people). The second and third most common regions were the Auckland Region (12.5 percent or 6 people) and Bay of Plenty Region, and Wellington Region (6.3 percent or 3 people).
- 0 people stated they were living overseas five years ago.

Iwi affiliation

- 33.3 percent affiliated with Patukirikiri as their sole iwi, while 66.7 percent were also affiliated with other iwi.

Note: This data has been randomly rounded to protect confidentiality. Individual figures may not add up to totals, and values for the same data may vary in different text, tables, and graphs. The accuracy of percentages may be affected by this rounding, particularly for iwi with small populations.

Iwi individual profile: Patukirikiri

Age and sex

Information for this iwi is not available due to confidentiality restrictions associated with small iwi.

Iwi individual profile: Patukirikiri

Language

Information for this iwi is not available due to confidentiality restrictions associated with small iwi.

Religion

Te whakapono

For people affiliating with Patukirikiri and living in New Zealand on 5 March 2013:

Most common religion

- The most common religions were Anglican (21.4 percent), Ratana (14.3 percent), and Latter-day Saints, and Catholic, and Judaism/Jewish (7.1 percent).

No religion

- 50.0 percent (21 people) stated they had no religion, while 7.1 percent (3 people) objected to answering the religion question.
- 0 percent of those aged 65 years and over stated they had no religion, compared with 37.5 percent of those aged 15–64 years and 66.7 percent of those aged under 15 years.

Ratana and Ringatū

- 14.3 percent were affiliated with the Ratana religion and 0 percent were affiliated with the Ringatū religion.

Note: 'Object to answering' is a response option for the religion question and so the calculation of percentages includes those responses.

Religious affiliation includes all people who stated each religious affiliation, whether as their only religious affiliation or as one of several. Where a person reported more than one religious affiliation, they were counted in each applicable group.

This data has been randomly rounded to protect confidentiality. Individual figures may not add up to totals, and values for the same data may vary in different text, tables, and graphs. The accuracy of percentages may be affected by this rounding, particularly for iwi with small populations.

Iwi individual profile: Patukirikiri

Cigarette smoking

Information for this iwi is not available due to confidentiality restrictions associated with small iwi.

Iwi individual profile: Patukirikiri

Number of children born

Information for this iwi is not available due to confidentiality restrictions associated with small iwi.

Iwi individual profile: Patukirikiri

Education

Information for this iwi is not available due to confidentiality restrictions associated with small iwi.

Iwi individual profile: Patukirikiri

Income

Information for this iwi is not available due to confidentiality restrictions associated with small iwi.

Iwi individual profile: Patukirikiri

Labour force

Information for this iwi is not available due to confidentiality restrictions associated with small iwi.

Iwi individual profile: Patukirikiri

Unpaid activities

Information for this iwi is not available due to confidentiality restrictions associated with small iwi.

Households and families

Ngā momo nohoanga ā-whānau

Households

For people affiliating with Patukirikiri and living in households in New Zealand on 5 March 2013:

- 78.6 percent lived in households containing only one family, 7.1 percent lived in households with more than one family, and 7.1 percent lived in one-person households. A further 0 percent lived in 'non-family multi-person households', such as a flatting situation.

Note: This section combines personal characteristics with the characteristics of the household a person is a part of. It counts people. People in the same household may or may not be of Māori descent, and those with Māori descent can affiliate with different iwi.

A household is either one person who usually lives alone, or two or more people who usually live together and share facilities (such as for eating, cooking, or a living area; and bathroom and toilet) in a private dwelling.

This data has been randomly rounded to protect confidentiality. Individual figures may not add up to totals, and values for the same data may vary in different text, tables, and graphs. The accuracy of percentages may be affected by this rounding, particularly for iwi with small populations.

Iwi individual profile: Patukirikiri

Housing

Information for this iwi is not available due to confidentiality restrictions associated with small iwi.

Motor vehicles, and phones, fax, and Internet

Ngā waka me ngā hangarau kōrero

For people affiliating with Patukirikiri and living in households in New Zealand on 5 March 2013:

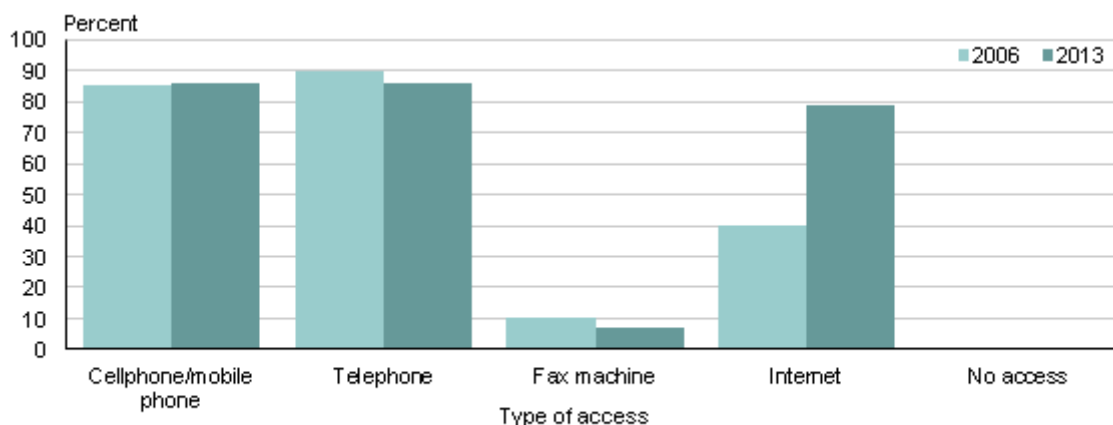
Motor vehicles

- 100.0 percent were living in a household with access to a motor vehicle, compared with 90.9 percent of the total population of Māori descent.
- At the time of the 2006 Census, 90.0 percent were living in a household with access to a motor vehicle.

Access to phones, fax, and Internet

- 78.6 percent lived in a household with Internet access, an increase since the 2006 Census (40 percent).
- 85.7 percent lived in a household with access to a cellphone or mobile phone.
- 0 percent lived in a household with no access to telecommunication systems (cellphone/mobile phone, telephone, fax machine, or the Internet).

Access to phones, fax, and Internet, for Patukirikiri
2006 and 2013 Censuses



Note: Some percentages may be too small to show on graph.
Source: Statistics New Zealand

Iwi individual profile: Patukirikiri

Note: These sections combine personal characteristics with the characteristics of the household a person is a part of. They count people. People in the same household may or may not be of Māori descent, and those with Māori descent can affiliate with different iwi.

A household is either one person who usually lives alone, or two or more people who usually live together and share facilities (such as for eating, cooking, or a living area; and bathroom and toilet) in a private dwelling.

Households can access more than one type of telecommunication system. Where a household reported access to more than one telecommunication system they have been counted in each category. Therefore percentages do not add up to 100.

This data has been randomly rounded to protect confidentiality. Individual figures may not add up to totals, and values for the same data may vary in different text, tables, and graphs. The accuracy of percentages may be affected by this rounding, particularly for iwi with small populations.

About the data

All information in this profile for the iwi and total Māori descent populations is based on the Māori descent usually resident population count from the 2013 Census of Population and Dwellings, held on 5 March 2013.

All information in this profile for the total New Zealand population is based on the census usually resident population count from the 2013 Census of Population and Dwellings, held on 5 March 2013.

The total population of Māori descent includes all people who stated they were descended from a person of the Māori race of New Zealand. This population includes all people of Māori descent, whether or not they specified an iwi.

Individual iwi profiles are produced for all iwi listed on the Statistics New Zealand classification of iwi. For data quality purposes, information for smaller iwi may be limited. The accuracy of percentages, medians, and averages may be affected by the random rounding of data, particularly for iwi with small populations.

Calculation of percentages

Unless otherwise stated, all percentages and ratios in this profile exclude responses that cannot be classified (eg 'not stated', 'response unidentifiable', 'response out of scope').

Comparability with past census data

Because the 2011 Census was cancelled after the Canterbury earthquake on 22 February 2011, the gap between this census and the last one is seven years. The change in data between 2006 and 2013 may be greater than in the usual five-year gap between censuses. Be careful when comparing trends.